XXXV.—*On a small Collection of Birds from Mount Penrisen, Sarawak.* By R. Bowdler Sharpe, F.L.S. &c.

Since his return to Borneo, I regret to say that our friend Alfred H. Everett's health has been so bad that he has not been able to explore much personally. He has, however, sent a hunter to Mount Penrisen (4400 feet), at the source of the Sarawak River, in order, as he states, "to obtain a sample of the highland fauna of Western Borneo for comparison with that of Kina Balu." The collector being alone, and the wet season being at its height, he obtained a very meagre series of skins.

That Mr. Everett, in his suffering condition, should still interest himself in the scientific exploration of Borneo is only what we might expect from the indomitable pluck which has carried him through personal hardships and difficulties for so many years, and his efforts will be much appreciated by his numerous friends in this country.

The collection is, as Mr. Everett says, a "meagre" one, but it contains two birds of great interest, one being of a genus, *Eupetes*, new to Borneo, and the other of a new species of *Siphia*. The remaining species are the same as from Kina Balu.

Fam. Muscicapidæ.

Genus Siphia.

1. Siphia everetti, sp. n.

♂. Similis *S. cyaneæ*, sed minor et caudâ nigrâ minimè albo notatâ distinguenda. Long. tot. 6·0, culm. 0·65, alæ 3·25, caudæ 2·2, tarsi 0·75 poll. Angl.

♀. Similis *S. cyaneæ* ♀, sed capite rufescente, loris et facie laterali, gulâ et præpectore rufescentibus distinguenda. Long. tot. 6·0, culm. 0·7, alæ 3·15, caudæ 2·25, tarsi 0·75.

This species is a small representative of *Siphia cyanea*, of Hume, from Tenasserim, which appears to be a true *Siphia*, belonging to the same group as *S. pallidipes*. The Bornean form, however, is a much smaller bird, and is easily distinguished by the absence of white on the tail. The female

resembles the hen of *S. cyanea* very closely, and has a white patch on the fore neck, but the head, sides of face, throat, and breast are more rufous than in *S. cyanea*. Like the latter, it has some white on the inner webs of the tail-feathers.

Fam. Timeliidæ.

2. Criniger gutturalis (Bp.); Sharpe, Cat. B. Brit. Mus. vi. p. 80.

It is rather curious that Mr. Everett's hunter should have procured this species instead of the Kina Balu *C. ruficrissus*. It is a bird of the low country, and was doubtless discovered at no great height on Penrisen.

3. Hemixes connectens, Sharpe, Ibis, 1887, p. 446.

Compared with a specimen in Mr. Whitehead's collection and found to be identical.

4. Eupetes macrocercus (T.); Sharpe, Cat. B. Brit. Mus. vii. p. 338.

This bird was met with on the top of the mountain. It is quite new to Borneo.

5. Stachyris borneensis, Sharpe, Ibis, 1887, p. 449.

6. Turdinus canicapillus, Sharpe, Ibis, 1887, p. 450.

7. Turdinulus exsul, Sharpe, Ibis, 1888, p. 479.

8. Staphidia everetti, Sharpe, Ibis, 1887, p. 447.

Mr. Whitehead has kindly lent me specimens of the four species mentioned above, and I find that in every instance the Penrisen specimens are identical with others from Kina Balu.

XXXVI.—*On the Identity of* Chrysotis cœligena *with* Psittacus dufresnianus. By T. Salvadori, C.M.Z.S.

The Amazon generally called *Chrysotis dufresniana* is the bird figured by Mr. Sclater (P. Z. S. 1880, pl. ix. fig. 2) with the pileum, or the front part of it, red. This bird was described by Kuhl (Consp. Psitt. p. 78) as the adult of *Psit-*